

N A T I O N A L R E S E A R C H C O U N C I L

RE-EVALUATION
OF
DRINKING-WATER
GUIDELINES
FOR
DIISOPROPYL
METHYLPHOSPHONATE

Re Evaluation Of Drinking Water Guidelines For Diisopropyl Methylphosphonate

**National Research Council, Division on
Earth and Life Studies, Board on
Environmental Studies and
Toxicology, Committee on
Toxicology, Committee on Combined
Exposures to Hydrogen Cyanide and
Carbon Monoxide in Army Operations**

Re Evaluation Of Drinking Water Guidelines For Diisopropyl Methylphosphonate:

Re-evaluation of Drinking-Water Guidelines for Diisopropyl Methylphosphonate National Research Council, Commission on Life Sciences, Board on Environmental Studies and Toxicology, Committee on Toxicology, Subcommittee on the Toxicity of Diisopropyl Methylphosphonate, 2000-11-25 Diisopropyl Methylphosphonate DIMP is a groundwater contaminant at the U S Army s Rocky Mountain Arsenal in Colorado DIMP is a by product created from the manufacture and detoxification of the nerve agent GB which the arsenal produced from 1953 to 1957 For awhile the Army and the State of Colorado disagreed upon the appropriate drinking water contaminant guideline for DIMP A drinking water guideline of 600 micrograms per liter was established by the U S Environmental Protection Agency EPA in 1989 but the State of Colorado promulgated a lower guideline of 8 micrograms per liter The significant difference between the two suggested values arose from the fact that both sides used different studies to determine their values Colorado used one generation reproductive toxicity study in mink whereas EPA used a subchronic toxicity study in dogs To resolve the disagreement a two generation reproductive study in mink was conducted The Army asked the National Research Council NRC to independently evaluate the 1997 study and re evaluate the drinking water guideline for DIMP This task was assigned to the Committee on Toxicology which established the Subcommittee on the Toxicity of Diisopropyl Methylphosphonate a multidisciplinary group of experts The subcommittee evaluated the two generation reproductive study as well as other studies relevant to the task Data on the use of mink as a predictive model in toxicology were also reviewed Re Evaluation of Drinking Water Guidelines for Diisopropyl Methylphosphonate is the subcommittee s report which shows that neither party was corrected in their DIMP guidelines The report includes the subcommittee s evaluation and recommendations concerning the topic

Re-evaluation of Drinking-Water Guidelines for Diisopropyl Methylphosphonate National Research Council, Commission on Life Sciences, Board on Environmental Studies and Toxicology, Committee on Toxicology, Subcommittee on the Toxicity of Diisopropyl Methylphosphonate, 2000-10-25 Diisopropyl Methylphosphonate DIMP is a groundwater contaminant at the U S Army s Rocky Mountain Arsenal in Colorado DIMP is a by product created from the manufacture and detoxification of the nerve agent GB which the arsenal produced from 1953 to 1957 For awhile the Army and the State of Colorado disagreed upon the appropriate drinking water contaminant guideline for DIMP A drinking water guideline of 600 micrograms per liter was established by the U S Environmental Protection Agency EPA in 1989 but the State of Colorado promulgated a lower guideline of 8 micrograms per liter The significant difference between the two suggested values arose from the fact that both sides used different studies to determine their values Colorado used one generation reproductive toxicity study in mink whereas EPA used a subchronic toxicity study in dogs To resolve the disagreement a two generation reproductive study in mink was conducted The Army asked the National Research Council NRC to independently evaluate the 1997 study and re evaluate the drinking water guideline for DIMP This task was assigned

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Fluoride in Drinking Water National Research Council, Division on Earth and Life Studies, Board on Environmental Studies and Toxicology, Committee on Fluoride in Drinking Water, 2007-01-22 Most people associate fluoride with the practice of intentionally adding fluoride to public drinking water supplies for the prevention of tooth decay However fluoride can also enter public water systems from natural sources including runoff from the weathering of fluoride containing rocks and soils and leaching from soil into groundwater Fluoride pollution from various industrial emissions can also contaminate water supplies In a few areas of the United States fluoride concentrations in water are much higher than normal mostly from natural sources Fluoride is one of the drinking water contaminants regulated by the U S Environmental Protection Agency EPA because it can occur at these toxic levels In 1986 the EPA established a maximum allowable concentration for fluoride in drinking water of 4 milligrams per liter a guideline designed to prevent the public from being exposed to harmful levels of fluoride Fluoride in Drinking Water reviews research on various health effects from exposure to fluoride including studies conducted in the last 10 years

Drinking Water Regulation and Health Frederick Pontius, 2003-07-18 The Drinking Water Act Amendments of 1996 instituted wide ranging regulatory changes to the seminal Safe Drinking Water Act SDWA such as providing funding to communities facing health risks focusing regulatory efforts on contaminants posing such health risks and adding flexibility to the regulatory process and the amendments continue to shape regulations and regulatory policy to this day Editor Frederick Pontius s Drinking Water Regulation and Health provides a comprehensive up to date resource on the current regulatory landscape Drinking Water Regulation and Health serves as a guide for water utilities regulators and consultants forecasting future trends and explaining the latest developments in regulations A diverse group of contributors covers topics such as water treatment water protection how some of the regulations have been interpreted in the courts how water utilities can stay in compliance and how to satisfy customer expectations especially sensitive subpopulations Divided into four sections The SDWA and Public Health Regulation Development Contaminant Regulation and Treatment and Compliance Challenges the book includes chapters on Improving Waterborne Disease Surveillance Application of Risk Assessments in Crafting Drinking Water Regulations Control of Drinking Water Pathogens and Disinfection By Products Selection of Treatment Technology for SDWA Compliance Death of the Silent Service Meeting Consumer Expectations Achieving Sustainable Water Systems What Water Suppliers Need to Know About Toxic Tort Litigation

Spacecraft Water Exposure Guidelines for Selected Contaminants National Research

Council, Division on Earth and Life Studies, Board on Environmental Studies and Toxicology, Committee on Toxicology, Committee on Spacecraft Exposure Guidelines, 2008-11-21 NASA maintains an active interest in the environmental conditions associated with living and working in spacecraft and identifying hazards that might adversely affect the health and well being of crew members. Despite major engineering advances in controlling the spacecraft environment, some water and air contamination is inevitable. Several hundred chemical species are likely to be found in the closed environment of the spacecraft and as the frequency, complexity, and duration of human space flight increase, identifying and understanding significant health hazards will become more complicated and more critical for the success of the missions. To protect space crews from contaminants in potable and hygiene water, NASA requested that the National Research Council (NRC) provide guidance on how to develop water exposure guidelines and subsequently review NASA's development of the exposure guidelines for specific chemicals. This book presents spacecraft water exposure guidelines (SWEGs) for antimony, benzene, ethylene glycol, methanol, methyl ethyl ketone, and propylene glycol.

Acute Exposure Guideline Levels for Selected Airborne Chemicals National Research Council, Division on Earth and Life Studies, Board on Environmental Studies and Toxicology, Committee on Toxicology, Committee on Acute Exposure Guideline Levels, 2013-01-28 At the request of the Department of Defense and the Environmental Protection Agency, the National Research Council has reviewed the relevant scientific literature compiled by an expert panel and established Acute Exposure Guideline Levels (AEGLs) for several chemicals. AEGLs represent exposure levels below which adverse health effects are not likely to occur and are useful in responding to emergencies such as accidental or intentional chemical releases in community, workplace, transportation, and military settings and for the remediation of contaminated sites. Three AEGLs are approved for each chemical, representing exposure levels that result in 1) notable but reversible discomfort, 2) long-lasting health effects, and 3) life-threatening health impacts. *Acute Exposure Guideline Levels for Selected Airborne Chemicals* Volume 13 includes AEGLs for boron trifluoride, bromoacetone, chloroacetone, hexafluoroacetone, perchloryl fluoride, piperidine, propargyl alcohol, trimethoxysilane, and tetramethoxysilane, and trimethylbenzenes.

Acute Exposure Guideline Levels for Selected Airborne Chemicals Committee on Acute Exposure Guideline Levels, Committee on Toxicology, Board on Environmental Studies and Toxicology, Division on Earth and Life Studies, National Research Council, 2013-10-10 *Acute Exposure Guideline Levels for Selected Airborne Chemicals* Volume 15 identifies reviews and interprets relevant toxicologic and other scientific data for ethyl mercaptan, methyl mercaptan, phenyl mercaptan, tert-octyl mercaptan, lewisite, methyl isothiocyanate, and selected monoisocyanates in order to develop acute exposure guideline levels (AEGLs) for these high-priority acutely toxic chemicals. AEGLs represent threshold exposure limits, exposure levels below which adverse health effects are not likely to occur for the general public and are applicable to emergency exposures ranging from 10 minutes to 8 hours. Three level AEGLs (AEGL 1, AEGL 2, and AEGL 3) are developed for each of five exposure periods (10 min, 30 min, 1 h, 4 h, and 8 h) and are distinguished by varying degrees of

severity of toxic effects This report will inform planning response and prevention in the community the workplace transportation the military and the remediation of Superfund sites

Acute Exposure Guideline Levels for Selected Airborne Chemicals National Academies of Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine, Division on Earth and Life Studies, Board on Environmental Studies and Toxicology, Committee on Toxicology, Committee on Acute Exposure Guideline Levels, 2016-09-26 Extremely hazardous substances can be released accidentally as a result of chemical spills industrial explosions fires or accidents involving railroad cars and trucks transporting EHSs Workers and residents in communities surrounding industrial facilities where these substances are manufactured used or stored and in communities along the nation s railways and highways are potentially at risk of being exposed to airborne EHSs during accidental releases or intentional releases by terrorists Pursuant to the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 the U S Environmental Protection Agency EPA has identified approximately 400 EHSs on the basis of acute lethality data in rodents

Acute Exposure Guideline Levels for Selected Airborne Chemicals Volume 20 reviews and updates the technical support document on acute exposure guideline levels AEGLs for selected chloroformates This update focuses on establishing AEGL 3 values for n propyl chloroformate and isopropyl chloroformate but will also consider whether any new data are available that would affect the proposed values for the other 10 chloroformates AEGLs represent threshold exposure limits exposure levels below which adverse health effects are not likely to occur for the general public and are applicable to emergency exposures ranging from 10 minutes min to 8 h Three levels AEGL 1 AEGL 2 and AEGL 3 are developed for each of five exposure periods 10 min 30 min 1 h 4 h and 8 h and are distinguished by varying degrees of severity of toxic effects This report will inform planning response and prevention in the community the workplace transportation the military and the remediation of Superfund sites

Review of the Department of Defense Enhanced Particulate Matter Surveillance Program Report National Research Council, Division on Earth and Life Studies, Board on Environmental Studies and Toxicology, Committee for Review of the DOD's Enhanced Particulate Matter Surveillance Program Report, 2010-08-23 Soldiers deployed during the 1991 Persian Gulf War were exposed to high concentrations of particulate matter PM and other airborne pollutants Their exposures were largely the result of daily windblown dust dust storms and smoke from oil fires On returning from deployment many veterans complained of persistent respiratory symptoms With the renewed activity in the Middle East over the last few years deployed military personnel are again exposed to dust storms and daily windblown dust in addition to other types of PM such as diesel exhaust and particles from open pit burning On the basis of the high concentrations observed and concerns about the potential health effects DOD designed and implemented a study to characterize and quantify the PM in the ambient environment at 15 sites in the Middle East The endeavor is known as the DOD Enhanced Particulate Matter Surveillance Program EPMSP The U S Army asked the National Research Council to review the EPMSP report In response the present evaluation considers the potential acute and chronic health implications on the basis of information presented in

the report It also considers epidemiologic and health surveillance data collected by the USACHPPM to assess potential health implications for deployed personnel and recommends methods for reducing or characterizing health risks *Review of the Army's Technical Guides on Assessing and Managing Chemical Hazards to Deployed Personnel* National Research Council, Division on Earth and Life Studies, Board on Environmental Studies and Toxicology, Committee on Toxicology, Subcommittee on the Toxicological Risks to Deployed Military Personnel, 2004-09-03 To guide mission planning military decision makers need information on the health risks of potential exposures to individual soldiers and their potential impact on mission operations To help with the assessment of chemical hazards the U S Army Center for Health Promotion and Preventive Medicine developed three technical guides for characterizing chemicals in terms of their risks to the mission and to the health of the force The report reviews these guides for their scientific validity and conformance with current risk assessment practices The report finds that the military exposure guidelines are appropriate with some modification for providing force health protection but that for assessing mission risk a new set of exposure guidelines is needed that predict concentrations at which health effects would degrade the performance of enough soldiers to hinder mission accomplishment

Review of the Toxicologic and Radiologic Risks to Military Personnel from Exposures to Depleted Uranium During and After Combat National Research Council, Division on Earth and Life Studies, Board on Environmental Studies and Toxicology, Committee on Toxicology, Committee on Toxicologic and Radiologic Effects from Exposure to Depleted Uranium During and After Combat, 2008-06-06 Since the 1980s the U S military has used depleted uranium in munitions and in protective armor on tanks Depleted uranium is a toxic heavy metal and is weakly radioactive Concerns have been raised about the adverse health effects from exposure to depleted uranium that is aerosolized during combat Some think it may be responsible for illnesses in exposed veterans and civilians These concerns led the Army to commission a book *Depleted Uranium Aerosol Doses and Risks Summary of U S Assessments* referred to as the Capstone Report that evaluates the health risks associated with depleted uranium exposure This National Research Council book reviews the toxicologic radiologic epidemiologic and toxicokinetic data on depleted uranium and assesses the Army's estimates of health risks to personnel exposed during and after combat The book recommends that the Army re evaluate the basis for some of its predictions about health outcomes at low levels of exposure but overall the Capstone Report was judged to provide a reasonable characterization of the exposure and risks from depleted uranium

Review of the Department of Defense Research Program on Low-Level Exposures to Chemical Warfare Agents National Research Council, Division on Earth and Life Studies, Board on Environmental Studies and Toxicology, Committee on Toxicology, Committee on Toxicologic Assessment of Low-Level Exposures to Chemical Warfare Agents, 2006-01-08 Research related to chemical warfare agents CWAs has historically focused on life threatening battlefield effects caused by high level exposures to the agents not effects associated with exposures to low concentrations of them In this report low level concentrations refers to exposures that may not have

any immediate observed health effects but may produce delayed health effects months or years later Recently there has been increased concern about the potential health effects of exposures to CWAs at low concentrations This report reviews the Department of Defense s DOD Research Plan for obtaining toxicologic and other relevant data to assess risk to military personnel The CWAs of concern include the following nerve and vesicant agents tabun sarin soman cyclosarin VX and sulfur mustard The report discusses the health effects of exposure to low levels of these agents and provides guidance to DOD on appropriate risk assessment methods for assessing toxicologic risk to military personnel from low level exposures to CWAs The report concludes that DOD s Research Plan is well planned and many of the proposed research tasks are likely to provide valuable information to DOD in protecting military personnel

Emergency and Continuous Exposure Guidance Levels for Selected Submarine Contaminants National Research Council, Division on Earth and Life Studies, Board on Environmental Studies and Toxicology, Committee on Toxicology, Committee on Emergency and Continuous Exposure Guidance Levels for Selected Submarine Contaminants, 2008-06-09 U S Navy personnel who work on submarines are in an enclosed and isolated environment for days or weeks at a time when at sea To protect workers from potential adverse health effects due to those conditions the U S Navy has established exposure guidance levels for a number of contaminants In this latest report in a series the Navy asked the National Research Council NRC to review and develop when necessary exposure guidance levels for 11 contaminants The report recommends exposure levels for hydrogen that are lower than current Navy guidelines For all other contaminants except for two for which there are insufficient data recommended levels are similar to or slightly higher than those proposed by the Navy The report finds that overall there is very little exposure data available on the submarine environment and echoes recommendations from earlier NRC reports to expand exposure monitoring in submarines

Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants National Research Council, Division on Earth and Life Studies, Board on Environmental Studies and Toxicology, Committee on Toxicology, Committee on Spacecraft Exposure Guidelines, 2008-12-24 NASA is aware of the potential toxicologic hazards to crew that might be associated with prolonged spacecraft missions Despite major engineering advances in controlling the atmosphere within spacecraft some contamination of the air appears inevitable NASA has measured numerous airborne contaminants during space missions As the missions increase in duration and complexity ensuring the health and well being of astronauts traveling and working in this unique environment becomes increasingly difficult As part of its efforts to promote safe conditions aboard spacecraft NASA requested the National Research Council to develop guidelines for establishing spacecraft maximum allowable concentrations SMACs for contaminants and to review SMACs for various spacecraft contaminants to determine whether NASA s recommended exposure limits are consistent with the guidelines recommended by the committee This book is the fifth volume in the series Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants and presents SMACs for acrolein C3 to C8 aliphatic saturated aldehydes C2 to C9 alkanes

ammonia benzene carbon dioxide carbon monoxide 1 2 dichloroethane dimethylhydrazine ethanol formaldehyde limonene methanol methylene dichloride n butanol propylene glycol toluene trimethylsilanol and xylenes **Combined Exposures to Hydrogen Cyanide and Carbon Monoxide in Army Operations** National Research Council, Division on Earth and Life Studies, Board on Environmental Studies and Toxicology, Committee on Toxicology, Committee on Combined Exposures to Hydrogen Cyanide and Carbon Monoxide in Army Operations, 2008-11-15 To determine whether the air quality inside armored vehicle cabins can meet exposure guidelines under deployment conditions the Army assessed possible synergistic toxic effects from potentially harmful substances This book the final of two reports on the subject from the National Research Council addresses whether the approach discussed in the technical context section of the Army's proposed guidance is appropriate or whether an alternative assessment method should be developed Combined Exposures to Hydrogen Cyanide and Carbon Monoxide in Army Operations provides several conclusions and recommendations including the use of alternative instrumentation for monitoring gas conducting experiments on human subjects and seeking advice from additional groups involved with personnel training and field deployment **Managing Health Effects of Beryllium Exposure** National Research Council, Division on Earth and Life Studies, Board on Environmental Studies and Toxicology, Committee on Toxicology, Committee on Beryllium Alloy Exposures, 2008-09-29 Beryllium is a lightweight metal that is used for its exceptional strength and high heat absorbing capability Beryllium and its alloys can be found in many important technologies in the defense and aeronautics industries such as nuclear devices satellite systems radar systems and aircraft bushings and bearings Pulmonary disease associated with exposure to beryllium has been recognized and studied since the early 1940s and an occupational guideline for limiting exposure to beryllium has been in place since 1949 Over the last few decades much has been learned about chronic beryllium disease and factors that contribute to its occurrence in exposed people Despite reduced workplace exposure chronic beryllium disease continues to occur Those developments have led to debates about the adequacy of the long standing occupational exposure limit for protecting worker health This book requested by the U S Air Force to help to determine the steps necessary to protect its workforce from the effects of beryllium used in military aerospace applications reviews the scientific literature on beryllium and outlines an exposure and disease management program for its protecting workers **Toxicologic Assessment of Jet-Propulsion Fuel 8** National Research Council, Division on Earth and Life Studies, Board on Environmental Studies and Toxicology, Committee on Toxicology, Subcommittee on Jet-Propulsion Fuel 8, 2003-02-14 This report provides a critical review of toxicologic epidemiologic and other relevant data on jet propulsion fuel 8 a type of fuel in wide use by the U S Department of Defense DOD and an evaluation of the scientific basis of DOD's interim permissible exposure level of 350 mg m³

Iodotrifluoromethane National Research Council, Division on Earth and Life Studies, Board on Environmental Studies and Toxicology, Committee on Toxicology, Subcommittee on Iodotrifluoromethane, 2004-12-23 The U S military is considering

using a compound called iodotrifluoromethane CF3I for fire suppression to replace previously used compounds halons that are being phased out because they deplete the ozone layer This report reviews available toxicological data on CF3I and evaluates the scientific basis of the U S Army s proposed exposure limit of 2 000 parts per million ppm The report recommends that CF3I be used for fire suppression in normally unoccupied spaces because of its potential to cause cardiac sensitization in test animals The report also recommends that further genotoxicity testing be conducted testing for changes in genetic material and that CF3I be assessed for its potential to cause cancer Should the Army decide to use CF3I information should be collected and evaluated on how much of the chemical or any of its degradation products might be released and how often

Nineteenth Interim Report of the Committee on Acute Exposure Guideline Levels

Committee on Acute Exposure Guideline Levels, Committee on Toxicology, National Research Council, 2011-01-27 The present report is the committee s 19th interim report It summarizes the committee s conclusions and recommendations for improving NAC s AEGL documents for the following chemicals and chemical classes acrylonitrile benzonitrile boron tribromide BZ 3 quinuclidinyl benzilate chloroarsenicals chloroformates bis chloromethylether chloromethylether chlorosilanes 26 selected compounds cyanogen ethyl mercaptan hexafluoroacetone lewisites mercury vapor nitric acid nitric oxide nitrogen dioxide nitrogen tetroxide oleum phenyl mercaptan propargyl alcohol selenium hexafluoride silane sulfur trioxide sulfuric acid tear gas tert octyl mercaptan tetramethoxy silane thionyl chloride trimethoxysilane trimethylbenzenes 1 2 4 1 2 5 and 1 3 5 TMB and vinyl chloride *DTRA Activities on White Sands Missile Range* ,2006

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